

ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER

Product code : ART.11202.

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

For dental professional use only.

To mix with ABSCESS REMEDY LIQUID.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : PRODUITS DENTAIRE SA.

Address : Rue des Bosquets 18 .1800 .Vevey .Switzerland.

Telephone : +41 21 921 26 31. Fax : .

info@pd-dental.com

https://pd-dental.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number : +41 21 921 26 31.

Association/Organisation : .

### SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS compliant.

Skin irritation, Category 3 (Skin Irrit. 3, H316).

Eye irritation, Category 2A (Eye Irrit. 2A, H319).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2 (Muta. 2, H341).

Carcinogenicity, Category 1B (Carc. 1B, H350).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Acute 1, H400).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Chronic 1, H410).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS compliant.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS09



GHS08



GHS07

Signal Word :

DANGER

Product identifiers :

CAS 30525-89-4

POLYOXYMETHYLENE

Hazard statements :

H316

Causes mild skin irritation.

H317

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

H341

Suspected of causing genetic defects .

H350

May cause cancer .

H410

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS

## Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261	Avoid breathing dust and vapours.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves according to the hygienic rules in force in dental surgeries.

## Precautionary statements - Response :

P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P391	Collect spillage.

## Precautionary statements - Disposal :

P501	Dispose of contents/container according to the hygienic rules in force in dental surgeries and according to the legislation in force.
------	---

**2.3. Other hazards**

In use, may form flammable/explosive dust-air mixture.

**SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS****3.2. Mixtures****Composition :**

Identification	Classification GHS	Note	%
CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5 REACH: 01-2119463881-32  ZINC OXIDE	GHS09 Wng Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1	[i]	25 <= x % < 50
CAS: 7727-43-7 EC: 231-784-4  SULFATE DE BARYUM		[i]	25 <= x % < 50
CAS: 30525-89-4  POLYOXYMETHYLENE	GHS07, GHS05, GHS08 Dgr Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350	[ii]	1 <= x % < 2.5
CAS: 50-00-0 EC: 200-001-8  FORMALDEHYDE 40%	GHS06, GHS05, GHS07, GHS08 Dgr Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 2, H330 STOT SE 3, H335 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370	[i] [ii]	0 <= x % < 1

**Information on ingredients :**

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

**ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS**

- [i] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.
- [ii] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

**SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.  
NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

**In the event of exposure by inhalation :**

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air and seek medical attention.

**In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :**

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.  
If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

**In the event of splashes or contact with skin :**

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.  
If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.  
Be careful with product which can remain between the skin and the clothes, the watch, the jewels.  
Wash the skin thoroughly with soap and fresh water.

**In the event of swallowing :**

Do not give the patient anything orally.  
In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.  
Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Breathing system irritation.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

In case of very important inhalation of vapors and very strong irritation of lungs, treat with Dexamethasone in spray.

**SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

**5.1. Extinguishing media**

**Suitable methods of extinction**

In the event of a fire, use :  
- sprayed water or water mist  
- foam  
- powder  
- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

**Unsuitable methods of extinction**

In the event of a fire, do not use :  
- water jet

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.  
Do not breathe in smoke.  
In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :  
- carbon monoxide (CO)  
- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
- sulphur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)  
- metallic oxide smokes  
- formaldehyde vapors  
- barium oxide

**ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS****5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

**SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

**For non first aid worker**

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

Avoid inhaling the vapours.

Avoid generating dusts.

**For first aid worker**

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

Avoid generating dusts.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Retrieve the product by mechanical means (sweeping/vacuuming) : do not generate dust.

**6.4. Reference to other sections**

No data available.

**SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Respect storage precautions mentioned on the packaging or in the instructions for use.

**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Always wash hands after handling.

The persons who have medical histories of cutaneous reactions must use this product with all the required precautions.

**Fire prevention :**

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

**Recommended equipment and procedures :**

For personal protection, see section 8.

Avoid inhaling dust.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep in the original container, respect the storage temperatures mentioned on the container, the leaflet and the box.

**Storage**

Keep the well closed bottle.

**Packaging**

Always conserve in the original packaging.

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Consult instructions for use enclosed.

**SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION****8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits :**

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
1314-13-2	2 (R) mg/m3	10 (R) mg/m3			
7727-43-7	10 mg/m3				

## ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS

50-00-0			0.3 ppm	SEN; A2	
- UK :					
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
7727-43-7	4 mg/m3				
50-00-0	2 ppm 2.5 mg/m3	2 ppm 2.5 mg/m3		Carc	

**8.2. Exposure controls****Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :

**- Eye / face protection**

Avoid contact with eyes.

**- Hand protection**

Wear gloves according to the hygienic rules in force in dental surgeries.

**- Body protection**

Avoid skin contact.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

**- Respiratory protection**

Avoid inhaling dust.

**SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES****9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

No data available.

**Physical state**

Physical state : Powder or dust.

**Colour**

White

**Odour**

Odour threshold : Not stated.

**Melting point**

Melting point/melting range : Not relevant.

**Freezing point**

Freezing point / Freezing range : Not stated.

**Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range**

Boiling point/boiling range : Not relevant.

**Flammability**

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not stated.

**Lower and upper explosion limit**

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) Not stated.

:

Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) Not stated.

:

**Flash point**

Flash point interval : Not relevant.

**Auto-ignition temperature**

Self-ignition temperature : Not relevant.

**Decomposition temperature**

Decomposition point/decomposition range : Not relevant.

## ABSCCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS

**pH**

pH (aqueous solution) : Not stated.  
pH : Not relevant.

**Kinematic viscosity**

Viscosity : Not stated.

**Solubility**

Water solubility : Insoluble.  
Fat solubility : Not stated.

**Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not stated.

**Vapour pressure**

Vapour pressure (50°C) : Not relevant.

**Density and/or relative density**

Density : 0.805

**Relative vapour density**

Vapour density : Not stated.

**9.2. Other information**

No data available.

**9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

No data available.

**9.2.2. Other safety characteristics**

No data available.

**SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY****10.1. Reactivity**

No data available.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

Do not use if the expiry date is exceeded.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

No data available.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Avoid :

- formation of dusts
- heat

Dusts can form an explosive mixture with air.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

Keep away from :

- Aluminium
- phosphorus

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)
- sulphur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)
- metallic oxide smokes
- formaldehyde vapors
- barium oxide

## ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS

## SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

## 11.1.1. Substances

## a) Acute toxicity :

FORMALDEHYDE 40% (CAS: 50-00-0)

Oral route : LD50 = 243.9 mg/kg body weight

Dermal route : LD50 = 564.85 mg/kg body weight

Inhalation route (Vapours) : LC50 = 261 ppm

POLYOXYMETHYLENE (CAS: 30525-89-4)

Oral route : LD50 = 592 mg/kg body weight  
Species : RatDermal route : LD50 > 10000 mg/kg body weight  
Species : RatInhalation route (Dusts/mist) : LC50 = 1070 mg/m3  
Species : Rat

SULFATE DE BARYUM (CAS: 7727-43-7)

Oral route : LD50 > 15.000 mg/kg body weight  
Species : Rat

ZINC OXIDE (CAS: 1314-13-2)

Oral route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg body weight  
Species : Rat  
OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)Dermal route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg body weight  
Species : Rat  
OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) : LC50 > 5.7 mg/l  
Species : Rat

## b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

No data available.

## c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

No data available.

## d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation :

No data available.

## e) Germ cell mutagenicity :

No data available.

## f) Carcinogenicity :

No data available.

## g) Reproductive toxicant :

No data available.

## h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

## ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS

**i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :**

No data available.

**j) Aspiration hazard :**

No data available.

**11.1.2. Mixture****11.1.2.1 Information on hazard classes****a) Acute toxicity :**

Oral route : No data available.

No data available.

Dermal route :

No data available.

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) :

**b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation :**

May cause reversible damage to the skin; namely the formation of erythema and eschar following exposure up to four hours.

Irritation :

Causes mild skin irritation.

**c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :**

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

**d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation :**

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

**e) Germ cell mutagenicity :**

Cause for concern owing to the possibility that it may induce heritable mutations in the germ cells of humans.

**f) Carcinogenicity :**

Presumed human carcinogen.

**g) Reproductive toxicant :**

No data available.

**h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :**

No data available.

**i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :**

No data available.

**j) Aspiration hazard :**

No data available.

**11.1.2.2 Other information****Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :**

CAS 50-00-0 : IARC Group 1 : The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

**11.2. Information on other hazards****SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

**12.1. Toxicity****12.1.1. Substances**

ZINC OXIDE (CAS: 1314-13-2)

Crustacean toxicity :

EC50 = 0.122 mg/l

Factor M = 1

Species : Daphnia magna

Duration of exposure : 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Algae toxicity :

ECr50 = 0.136 mg/l

Factor M = 1

Species : Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata



**ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS**

Duration of exposure : 72 h  
OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

SULFATE DE BARYUM (CAS: 7727-43-7)

Fish toxicity :

LC50 = 59000 mg/l  
Species : Poecilia sp.  
Duration of exposure : 96 h

**12.1.2. Mixtures**

No aquatic toxicity data available for the substances.

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

**12.2.1. Substances**

FORMALDEHYDE 40% (CAS: 50-00-0)

Biodegradability :

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

SULFATE DE BARYUM (CAS: 7727-43-7)

Biodegradability :

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

ZINC OXIDE (CAS: 1314-13-2)

Biodegradability :

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available.

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

No data available.

**12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

No data available.

**12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties**

No data available.

**12.7. Other adverse effects**

No data available.

**SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

The appropriate waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with local regulations.

**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

**Waste :**

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

**Soiled packaging :**

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

## ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS

## SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2022 [41-22] - ICAO/IATA 2024 [65]).

## 14.1. UN number

3077

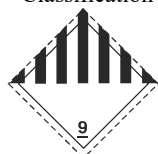
## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN3077=ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

(zinc oxide)

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



9

## 14.4. Packing group

III

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :



## 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	9	M7	III	9	90	5 kg	274 335 375 601	E1	3	-

Not subject to this regulation if Q ≤ 5 l / 5 kg (ADR 3.3.1 - DS 375)

IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation
	9	-	III	5 kg	F-A. S-F	274 335 966 967 969	E1	Category A SW23	-

Not subject to this regulation if Q ≤ 5 l / 5 kg (IMDG 3.3.1 - 2.10.2.7)

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	9	-	III	956	400 kg	956	400 kg	A97 A158 A179 A197 A215	E1
	9	-	III	Y956	30 kg G	-	-	A97 A158 A179 A197 A215	E1

Not subject to this regulation if Q ≤ 5 l / 5 kg (IATA 4.4.4 - DS A197)

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(zinc oxide)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

**ABSCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS**

**SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

The following regulations have been used:

- Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), review no. 8 (2019)

**Container information:**

No data available.

**Particular provisions :**

No data available.

**Substances that deplete the ozone layer (EC Regulation No. 1005/2009, Montreal Protocol) :**

The mixture does not contain any substance posing a risk to the ozone layer.

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No data available.

**SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

**Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :**

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects .
H350	May cause cancer .
H370	Causes damage to organs .
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Abbreviations and acronyms :**

LD50 : The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50 : The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV : Average Exposure Value.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

GHS08 : Health hazard

**ABSCCESS REMEDY POWDER - ART.11202 GHS**

GHS09 : Environment

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.